



# Singapore—Cambridge General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level (2026)

# Humanities (Social Studies, Literature in Chinese) (Syllabus 2263)

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# Humanities (Social Studies, Literature in Chinese)

### Singapore–Cambridge General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level (2026) (Syllabus 2263)

#### INTRODUCTION

This Humanities syllabus aims to enable students to acquire knowledge and understanding of events and phenomenon, issues and perspectives, and human actions and behaviours.

Humanities syllabus (2263) comprises two components: Social Studies and Literature in Chinese. Both components are compulsory.

The examination format is shown in the table below.

Paper No.	Component	Marks	Weighting	Duration
1	Social Studies	50	50%	1 hr 45 min
2	Literature in Chinese	50	50%	1 hr 40 min

### Paper 1 **Social Studies**

#### INTRODUCTION

#### Philosophy of the Singapore Social Studies Curriculum

At the heart of the Singapore Social Studies curriculum is the preparation of students to be effective citizens by helping them to better understand the interconnectedness of Singapore and the world they live in and appreciate the complexities of the human experience.

Drawing on aspects of society that are of meaning and interest to students, Social Studies seeks to ignite students' curiosity to inquire into real-world issues that concern their lives. Through inquiry and authentic learning experiences, Social Studies helps students to attain relevant knowledge and understanding about these issues, develop critical and reflective thinking skills, and appreciate multiple perspectives.

Social Studies seeks to inculcate in students a deeper understanding of the values that define the Singapore society, nurture dispositions that will inspire them to show concern for the society and the world in which they live and demonstrate empathy in their relationships with others. The curriculum therefore envisions students as informed, concerned and participative citizens, competent in decision-making with an impassioned spirit to contribute responsibly to the society and world they live in.

Figure 1.1 reflects the philosophy underpinning the Singapore Social Studies curriculum.



Figure 1.1 The Singapore Social Studies Curriculum

The syllabus content is organised around three Issues and is anchored in a set of knowledge, skills and values outcomes. The three Issues correspond to societal issues that have been shaping Singapore, the region and the world. The knowledge, skills and values acquired through exploring these Issues will develop students' competencies to be informed, concerned and participative citizens. The following table shows an overview of the three Issues in the Social Studies O-Level syllabus.

#### Issue 1: Exploring Citizenship and Governance

#### Inquiry Focus - Working for the good of society: Whose responsibility is it?

#### Why this Issue matters

This Issue invites students to begin exploring what it means to be an informed, concerned and participative citizen. Students will deepen their understanding of citizenship and governance and learn how citizens and government play complementary roles in working for the good of society. In a complex society and world, understanding their roles as citizens will influence how they respond to various situations and issues in Singapore and the world. This will serve to develop a stronger sense of civic consciousness, enhancing the roles they play as citizens who are rooted in Singapore with a global outlook.

#### Key Understandings

- · Citizenship is varied and complex.
- Government is a political institution with important functions and roles to govern.
- Different groups of people in society have differing needs, interests and priorities, and experience
  unequal sharing of costs. Managing these differences often requires trade-offs to be made.
- Both citizens and government can play complementary roles in working for the good of society.

#### Issue 2: Living in a Diverse Society

#### Inquiry Focus - Living in a diverse society: Is harmony achievable?

#### Why this Issue matters

This Issue helps students appreciate diversity and the importance of harmony. Students will develop an understanding of who they are as individuals and accept, respect and celebrate diversity as well as common practices and values in a diverse society. This will heighten students' awareness of the need to develop personal and collective responsibility in promoting and maintaining harmony in a diverse society.

#### Key Understandings

- Identities are diverse and complex.
- Living harmoniously in a diverse society means respecting our differences and appreciating what we share in common.
- People respond to diversity in a variety of ways to achieve harmony.

#### Issue 3: Being Part of a Globalised World

Inquiry Focus - Being part of a globalised world: How can we respond to globalisation?

#### Why this Issue matters

This Issue helps students understand and make meaning of their lives in a globalised world where countries and individuals are interconnected and interdependent. Students will explore the impacts of globalisation in three areas: economy, culture and security. They will understand the complex process of globalisation through examining how the impacts of globalisation in these areas result in trade-offs and different responses from countries and individuals. Students will therefore appreciate the complex decision-making process behind the responses towards the impacts of globalisation. This understanding will help them to make well-reasoned and responsible decisions as informed, concerned and participative citizens in a globalised world.

#### Key Understandings

- Globalisation shapes the interconnections and interdependence among countries and people.
- Globalisation creates impacts in the economy, culture and security.
- The impacts of globalisation result in differing responses from countries and people.

#### **AIMS**

#### As informed citizens, students would:

- understand the rights and responsibilities of citizens and the role of the government in society
- understand their identity as Singaporeans, with a regional and global outlook
- understand the Singapore perspective on key national, regional and global issues
- analyse and negotiate complex issues through evaluating multiple sources with different perspectives; and
- arrive at well-reasoned, responsible decisions through reflective thought and discernment.

#### As concerned citizens, students would:

- have a sense of belonging to the nation, appreciate and be committed to building social cohesion in a diverse society
- be motivated to engage in issues of societal concern; and
- reflect on the ethical considerations and consequences of decision making.

#### As participative citizens, students would:

- take responsible personal and collective actions to effect change for the good of society; and
- be resilient in addressing concerns of society in spite of challenges faced.

#### **ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES**

#### AO1 - Knowledge with Understanding

Candidates should be able to:

• demonstrate an understanding of societal issues.

#### AO2 - Interpreting and Evaluating Sources/Given Information

Candidates should be able to:

- comprehend and extract relevant information
- draw inferences from given information
- analyse and evaluate evidence
- compare and contrast different views
- distinguish between fact, opinion and judgement
- · recognise values and detect bias
- draw conclusions based on reasoned consideration of evidence and arguments.

#### AO3 - Constructing Explanations

Candidates should be able to:

- analyse societal issues through different perspectives
- construct reasoned arguments and make informed judgement and recommendations.

#### O-LEVEL ASSESSMENT SPECIFICATION GRID FOR SOCIAL STUDIES

Assessment Objective	Weighting
Objective 1 + Objective 2	35%
Objective 1 + Objective 3	15%
Total	50%

Note: Objective 1 is inevitably part of the testing of Objectives 2 and 3.

#### SCHEME OF ASSESSMENT

#### **O-LEVEL SOCIAL STUDIES**

- One paper of 1 hour 45 minutes.
- Paper comprises 2 sections:

Section A: (35 marks)

One source-based case study testing Assessment Objectives 1 and 2.

Section B: (15 marks)

Two structured-response questions testing Assessment Objectives 1 and 3.

 Candidates are required to answer the compulsory source-based case study from Section A and the compulsory structured-response questions from Section B.

#### **Source-Based Case Study**

The compulsory source-based case study can be set on any of the three Issues:

- Exploring Citizenship and Governance
- Living in a Diverse Society
- Being Part of a Globalised World.

Candidates will be expected to have an understanding of the ways in which sources may be evaluated. The case study will be set on one of the three Issues of the syllabus and will require the skills and concepts taught during the course. The issue of the case study will be related to the syllabus and may or may not be covered in the syllabus content. Candidates are expected to use their knowledge, skills and conceptual understanding developed during the course to help them use the given sources to answer the guestions.

The source-based case study comprises five questions:

Question	Skills Tested	Mark Allocation
1–4	Source-handling skills on specific sources	25
5	Source-handling skills requiring use of multiple sources – question will require candidates to consider the issue of the case study from a different perspective	10

A 'Levels of Response Marking Scheme' (LORMS) will be used to assess candidates' responses.

#### **Structured-Response Questions**

The compulsory structured-response questions will be set on any of the three Issues in the syllabus. However, in an examination, the question set will not be on the same Issue as the source-based case study.

The structured-response questions comprise two questions:

Question	Skills Tested	Mark Allocation
6	Constructing explanation by giving reasoned argument and/or making recommendation on an issue (multiple strategies/multicausal)     – question will require candidates to consider the issue in the context of Singapore	7
7	Constructing explanation of two factors / perspectives on an issue and making judgement on the relative importance of factors or giving balanced conclusion on the issue	8

A 'Levels of Response Marking Scheme' (LORMS) will be used to assess candidates' responses.

Issue 1: Exploring Citizenship and Governance				
Descriptor		Key Understandings		
Why this Issue matters This Issue invites students to begin exploring we concerned and participative citizen. Students we citizenship and governance, and learn how citic complementary roles in working for the good of and world, understanding their roles as citizens to various situations and issues in Singapore and develop a stronger sense of civic consciousness as citizens who are rooted in Singapore with a	what it means to be an informed, will deepen their understanding of zens and government play f society. In a complex society is will influence how they respond and the world. This will serve to ses, enhancing the roles they play	<ul> <li>Citizenship is varied and complex.</li> <li>Government is a political institution with importagovern.</li> <li>Different groups of people in society have differ priorities, and experience unequal sharing of codifferences often requires trade-offs to be made.</li> <li>Both citizens and government can play comple the good of society.</li> </ul>	ring needs, interests and osts. Managing these	
Knowledge Outcomes	Skills Outcomes		Concepts	
<ul> <li>Students will be able to understand:</li> <li>different attributes can shape one's understanding of citizenship</li> <li>the functions and roles of government in working for the good of society</li> <li>the challenges of determining what is good for a society, with decisions guided by the principles of governance</li> <li>how citizens and government can work together for the good of society.</li> </ul>	evaluating information from substantiated arguments, re     demonstrate sound reasonir     Singapore's unique cont     the consequences of on     demonstrate perspective-ta     demonstrate reflective thinki	cally by gathering, interpreting, analysing and different sources to make well-reasoned and commendations and conclusions on societal issues and responsible decision-making that considers texts, constraints and vulnerabilities; and e's actions on those around them king when encountering differing views ing when reviewing their understanding of societal nal assumptions and beliefs about others.	<ul><li>Citizenship</li><li>Governance</li><li>Trade-offs</li></ul>	

Issue 1: Exploring	Issue 1: Exploring Citizenship and Governance			
<b>Guiding Question</b>	าร	Content		
1 What does cit	tizenship mean to me?	<ul> <li>Attributes can shape one's understanding of citizenship</li> <li>Legal status         <ul> <li>Rights and obligations of citizens</li> </ul> </li> <li>A sense of identity</li> <li>Shared values</li> <li>Civic participation         <ul> <li>Participate in public affairs as individuals and community groups</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	functions and roles of n working for the good of	Functions and roles of government in a representative democracy  Functions of government  Makes and passes laws  Implements and enforces laws  Interprets and applies laws  Roles of government  Maintains law and order  Ensures economic and social well-being of citizens  Promotes and protects a country's national interests		
3 How do we do society?	ecide what is good for	<ul> <li>Deciding what is good for society</li> <li>Challenges in deciding what is good for society</li> <li>Differing needs and interests</li> <li>Differing priorities</li> <li>Unequal sharing of costs</li> <li>Managing trade-offs</li> <li>Principles shaping governance</li> <li>Having good leadership</li> <li>Anticipating change and staying relevant</li> <li>A stake for everyone, opportunities for all</li> <li>Practising meritocracy</li> </ul>		
4 How can we wanted of society?	work together for the good	<ul> <li>Citizens and government working together for the good of society</li> <li>Addressing the needs of society</li> <li>Influencing decision-making in public affairs</li> <li>Strengthening citizens' sense of belonging</li> </ul>		

Issue 2: Living in a Diverse Society			
Descriptor		Key Understandings	
Inquiry Focus – Living in a diverse society: Is  Why this Issue matters This Issue helps students appreciate diversity Students will develop an understanding of who accept, respect and celebrate diversity as well values in a diverse society. This will heighten s to develop personal and collective responsibilit harmony in a diverse society.	and the importance of harmony. they are as individuals and as common practices and tudents' awareness of the need	<ul> <li>Identities are diverse and complex.</li> <li>Living harmoniously in a diverse society means and appreciating what we share in common.</li> <li>People respond to diversity in a variety of ways</li> </ul>	
Knowledge Outcomes	Skills Outcomes		Concepts
<ul> <li>Students will be able to understand:</li> <li>the factors that shape identities of people and contribute to a diverse society</li> <li>the experiences and effects of living in a diverse society</li> <li>the various ways in which individuals, communities and governments can respond to the effects of living in a diverse society.</li> </ul>	evaluating information from substantiated arguments, re     demonstrate sound reasonir     Singapore's unique cont     the consequences of on     demonstrate perspective-tak     demonstrate reflective thinki	cally by gathering, interpreting, analysing and different sources to make well-reasoned and commendations and conclusions on societal issues and responsible decision-making that considers texts, constraints and vulnerabilities; and e's actions on those around them king when encountering differing views and when reviewing their understanding of societal anal assumptions and beliefs about others.	<ul><li>Identity</li><li>Diversity</li><li>Harmony</li></ul>

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Iss	Issue 2: Living in a Diverse Society			
Gu	iding Questions	Content		
1	What are the factors that shape the identities of people and contribute to a diverse society?	<ul> <li>Factors that shape the identities of people and contribute to a diverse society</li> <li>Race and ethnicity</li> <li>Religion</li> <li>Socio-economic status</li> <li>Nationality</li> </ul>		
2	What are the experiences and effects of living in a diverse society?	<ul> <li>Interactions in a diverse society and common space</li> <li>Experiences and effects of living in a diverse society</li> <li>Cultural exchange and appreciation</li> <li>Exchange of knowledge and skills</li> <li>Stereotypes, prejudice and discrimination</li> <li>Competition for resources</li> </ul>		
3	How can we respond to diversity in society?	<ul> <li>Citizens and government responding to socio-cultural diversity         <ul> <li>Responses of citizens as individuals and community groups</li> <li>Responses of government                 <ul> <li>Assimilationist policy and its tensions</li> <li>Integration policy and its tensions</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>Citizens and government responding to socio-economic diversity         <ul> <li>Responses of citizens as individuals and community groups</li> <li>Responses of government</li> <ul> <li>A government-financed approach and its challenges</li> <ul> <li>A shared responsibility approach and its challenges</li> </ul> </ul></ul></li> </ul>		

Issue 3: Being Part of a Globalised World				
Descriptor		Key Understandings		
<b>Inquiry Focus</b> – Being part of a globalised wo globalisation?	rld: How can we respond to	Globalisation shapes the interconnections and i countries and people.	nterdependence among	
Why this Issue matters This Issue helps students understand and maglobalised world where countries and individuals interdependent. Students will explore the impactances: economy, culture and security. They will process of globalisation through examining how these areas result in trade-offs and different reindividuals. Students will therefore appreciate the process behind the responses towards the impact understanding will help them to make well-reast as informed, concerned and participative citizents.	s are interconnected and cts of globalisation in three II understand the complex w the impacts of globalisation in sponses from countries and the complex decision-making cts of globalisation. This coned and responsible decisions	<ul> <li>Globalisation creates impacts in the economy, of the impacts of globalisation result in differing reand people.</li> </ul>		
Knowledge Outcomes	Skills Outcomes		Concepts	
Students will be able to understand:  the key driving forces of globalisation  different responses of countries and individuals to economic, cultural and security impacts of globalisation.	evaluating information from substantiated arguments, re     demonstrate sound reasoni     Singapore's unique co     the consequences of co     demonstrate perspective-ta     demonstrate reflective think	tically by gathering, interpreting, analysing and different sources to make well-reasoned and ecommendations and conclusions on societal issues ing and responsible decision-making that considers intexts, constraints and vulnerabilities; and one's actions on those around them taking when encountering differing views actions when reviewing their understanding of societal onal assumptions and beliefs about others.	<ul><li>Globalisation</li><li>Interconnectedness</li><li>Interdependence</li></ul>	

Iss	Issue 3: Being Part of a Globalised World			
Gu	iding Questions	Content		
1	What are the factors that contribute to globalisation?	<ul> <li>Driving forces of globalisation</li> <li>Technological advancements         <ul> <li>Developments in transportation</li> <li>Developments in digital technology</li> </ul> </li> <li>Growth of Multinational Corporations</li> </ul>		
2	How can we respond to the economic impacts of globalisation?	<ul> <li>Economic impacts of globalisation and responses of countries and individuals</li> <li>Economic impacts of globalisation</li> <li>Economic growth and economic vulnerability experienced by countries</li> <li>Employment opportunities and challenges experienced by individuals</li> <li>Responses to economic impacts of globalisation</li> <li>Government support</li> <li>Acquisition of knowledge and skills by individuals</li> </ul>		
3	How can we respond to the cultural impacts of globalisation?	<ul> <li>Cultural impacts of globalisation and responses of countries and individuals         <ul> <li>Cultural impacts of globalisation</li> <li>Spread of culture</li> <li>Dilution of culture</li> </ul> </li> <li>Responses to cultural impacts of globalisation</li> <li>Varying degrees of acceptance and rejection</li> </ul>		
4	How can we respond to the security impacts of globalisation?	<ul> <li>Security impacts of globalisation and responses of countries and individuals</li> <li>Security impacts of globalisation         <ul> <li>Transnational terrorism</li> <li>Cyber threats</li> </ul> </li> <li>Responses to security impacts of globalisation         <ul> <li>Vigilance by individuals</li> <li>Security measures by governments within their countries</li> <li>Cooperation among countries</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

# Paper 2 Literature in Chinese

#### 华文文学

#### 说明

1 华文文学(Literature in Chinese)(2263/2)与社会科(Social Studies)配对组成剑桥普通水准考试的 另一个完整的人文科目 — "综合人文科" (Humanities)。

#### 考生

2 本科供修读中学快捷课程/普通(学术)课程的学生选考。

#### 试卷

- 3 华文文学(2263/2)只有一个试卷。
- 4 作答时间: 1小时40分。

#### 考试范围

- 5 范围包括:
  - 5.1 诗歌和现当代短篇小说选读。
  - 5.2 课外文学作品赏析。

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#### 6 诗歌和现当代短篇小说选读

诗歌				
序号	篇名	作者	时代 /所属国家或地区	
1	《渡荆门送别》	李白	唐朝	
2	《春夜喜雨》	杜甫	唐朝	
3	《水调歌头》(明月几时有)	苏轼	宋朝	
4	《如梦令》(昨夜雨疏风骤)	李清照	宋朝	
5	《偶然》	徐志摩	现代 / 中国	
6	《珍珠项链》	余光中	当代 / 台湾	
7	《传灯》	杜南发	当代 / 新加坡	
8	《彩窗》	林得楠	当代 / 新加坡	
	现当代短篇	小说		
序号	作品	作者	所属国家或地区	
1	《孔乙己》	鲁迅	中国	
2	《陈小手》	汪曾祺	中国	
3	《像我这样的一个女子》	西西	香港	
4	《拉子妇》	李永平	马来西亚	
5	《回不去的候车站》	小寒	新加坡	

#### 7 课外文学作品赏析

- 7.1 无规定文本。
- 7.2 以现当代短篇小说、微型小说、诗歌为主,强化鉴赏及分析文学作品的能力。

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#### 试卷蓝图 (2263/2)

组别	方式	题数	分数	考查内容	备注
A组	问答	1 (2选1)	25 (25%)	短篇小说 微型小说 古典诗词 现当代诗歌	● 1 小时 <u>40</u> 分钟
B组	问答	1 (2选1)	25 (25%)	*短篇小说 *微型小说 *现当代诗歌	
共计		2	50 (50%)		

<sup>\*</sup>B组考查的文学作品为课外节选篇章,旨在考查学生分析与鉴赏文学作品的能力。